



¿Qué ocurre?

TEOREMA: $2 = 3$

$$\text{Si } a = 2 \wedge b = 3 \Rightarrow$$

$$a = b - 1$$

$$a(a - b) = (b - 1)(a - b)$$

$$a^2 - ab = ab - b^2 - a + b$$

$$a^2 - ab + a = ab - b^2 - a + b + a$$

$$a^2 - ab + a = ab - b^2 + b$$

$$a(a - b + 1) = b(a - b + 1)$$

$$a = b \therefore 2 = 3$$

