

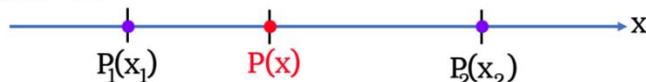
# DIVIDING A LINE SEGMENT GIVEN A RATIO



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## DIVISION OF A LINE SEGMENT IN A GIVEN RATIO

If  $P_1(x_1)$  and  $P_2(x_2)$  are the endpoints of a line segment; and  $P(x)$  is any point on the line  $\overline{P_1P_2}$ . Then, "P" divides the line segment in two parts  $\overline{P_1P}$  and  $\overline{PP_2}$ , with the same direction given a ratio "r".



The ratio is defined as:

$$r = \frac{\overline{P_1P}}{\overline{PP_2}} \quad \vee \quad r = \overline{P_1P} : \overline{PP_2}$$

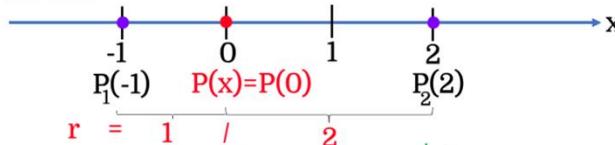
Hence:

$$r = \frac{x - x_1}{x_2 - x} \quad \text{if } x_2 \neq x$$

$$x = \frac{x_1 + rx_2}{1+r} \quad \text{if } r \neq -1$$

EXAMPLE: What is the coordinate of the division point of the segment defined by the endpoints  $P_1(-1)$ ,  $P_2(2)$  given the ratio  $r = \frac{\overline{P_1P}}{\overline{PP_2}} = \frac{1}{2}$  ?

SOLUTION: 1) Plotting:



2) Using the formula to calculate the point that divides a segment given a ratio:

$$x = \frac{x_1 + rx_2}{1+r}$$

3) Substituting:

$$x = \frac{-1 + (\frac{1}{2})(2)}{1 + (\frac{1}{2})}$$

4) Isolating "x":

$$x = \frac{-1 + (\frac{1}{2})(2)}{1 + (\frac{1}{2})} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} x = \frac{0}{\frac{3}{2}} \\ x = 0 \end{array} \right.$$



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